





QuickBird

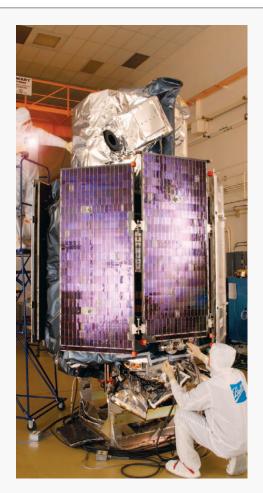
DigitalGlobe's QuickBird satellite offers sub-meter resolution imagery, high geolocational accuracy, and large on-board storage. With global collection of panchromatic and multispectral imagery, QuickBird is designed to support a wide range of geospatial applications. Previously at an operational altitude of 482 km, QuickBird is currently operating at an altitude of 450 km and will continue in an gradual descent until its end of mission life at an altitude of 300 km.

Features

- » Sub-meter resolution imagery
 - 61 cm panchromatic at nadir
 - 2.44 m multispectral at nadir
- » High geolocational accuracy
 - Stable platform for precise location measurement
- » Fast large area collection
 - 16.8 km width imaging swath
- » High image quality
 - Off-axis unobscured design of QuickBird's telescope - Large field-of-view
 - High contrast (MTF)
 - High signal to noise ratio
- » Large on-board data storage
 - 128 gigabits on-board image storage capacity

Benefits

- » Acquire high quality satellite imagery for map creation, change detection, and image analysis
- » Geolocate features to create maps in remote areas without the use of ground control points
- » Collect a greater supply of frequently updated global imagery products
- » Extend the range of suitable imaging collection targets and enhance image interpretability



QuickBird clean room pre-launch preparations. The first of DigitalGlobe's state-of-the-art high-resolution commercial imagery satellites.



DIGITALGLOBE CONSTELLATION » QUICKBIRD



Design and specifications

Launch information	Date: October 18, 2001 Launch vehicle: Delta II Launch site: SLC-2W, Vandenberg Air Force Base, California
Mission life	Extended through mid 2014
Spacecraft size	2400 lbs, 3.04 m (10 ft) in length

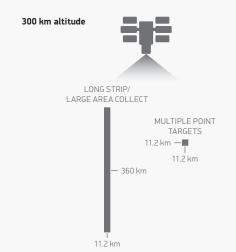
	Altitude 450 km	Altitude 300 km
Orbit	Type: Sun-synchronous, 10:00 am descending node Period: 93.6 min	10:00 am descending node Period: 90.4 min
Sensor resolution and spectral bandwidth	Panchromatic: 61 cm GSD at nadir Black & White: 405 - 1053 nm	Panchromatic 41 cm GSD at nadir
	Multispectral: 2.44 m GSD at nadir Blue: 430 – 545 nm Green: 466 – 620 nm Red: 590 – 710 nm Near-IR: 715 – 918 nm	Multispectral 1.63 m GSD at nadir
Dynamic range	11-bits per pixel	
Swath width	Nominal swath width: 16.8 km at nadir	Nominal swath width: 11.2 km at nadir
Attitude determination and control	Type: 3-axis stabilized Star tracker/IRU/reaction wheels, GPS	
Retargeting agility	Time to slew 200 km: 38 sec	44 sec
Onboard storage	128 Gb capacity	
Communications	Payload data: 320 Mbps X-band Housekeeping: X-band from 4,16 and 256 Kbps, 2 Kbps S-band uplink	
Revisit frequency (at 40°N latitude)	2.4 days at 1 m GSD or less 5.9 days at 20° off-nadir or less	2.1 days at 1 m GSD or less 8.7 days at 20° off-nadir or less
Metric accuracy	23 m CE90, 17 m LE90 (without ground control)	
Capacity	200,000 km² per day	100,000 km² per day

Collection scenarios (at nadir)

450 km altitude







Sensor bands



Panchromatic



Multispectral

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